

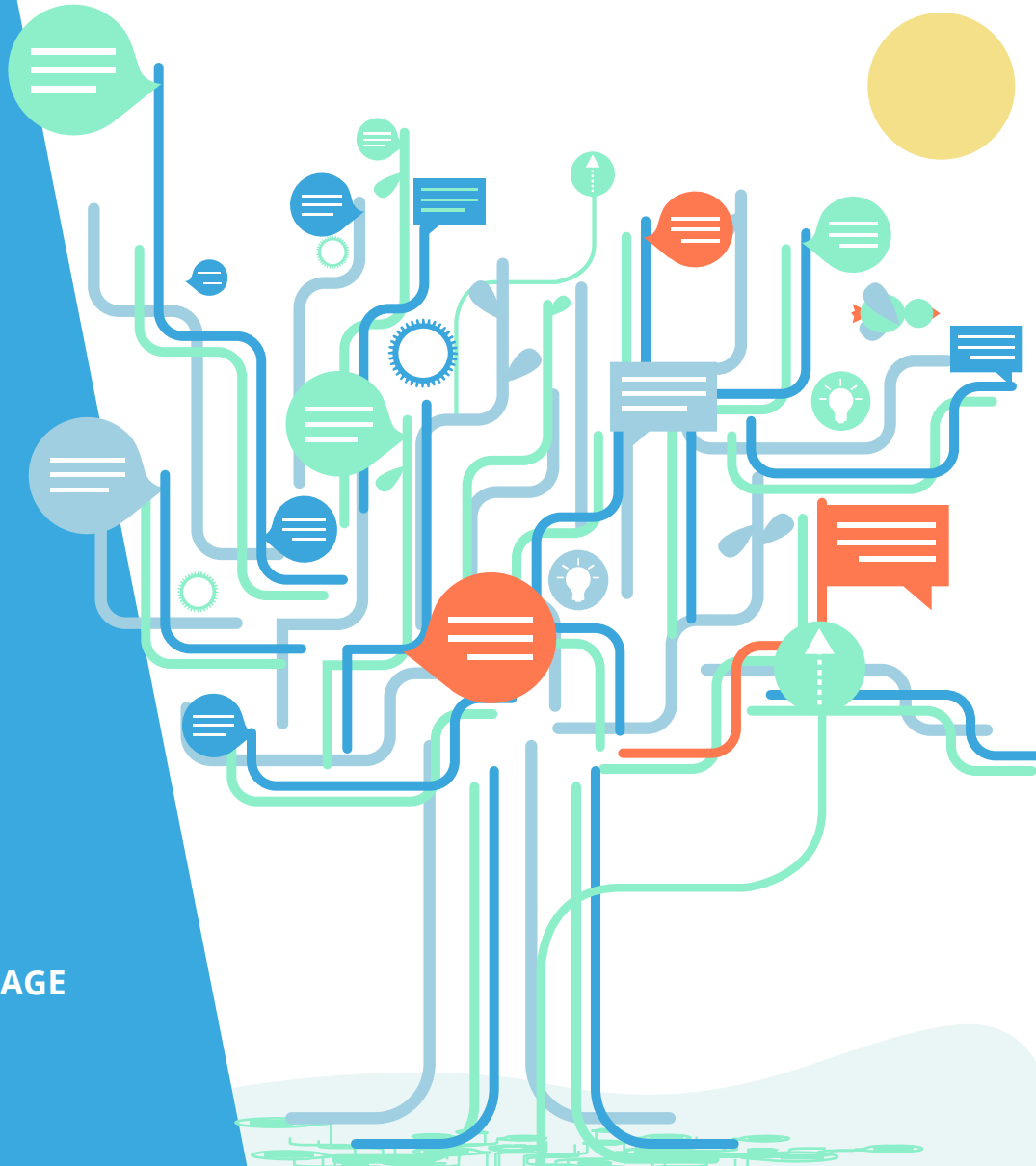
The present perfect tense

GRAMMAR

LEVEL
Beginner

NUMBER
A2_2023G_EN

LANGUAGE
English

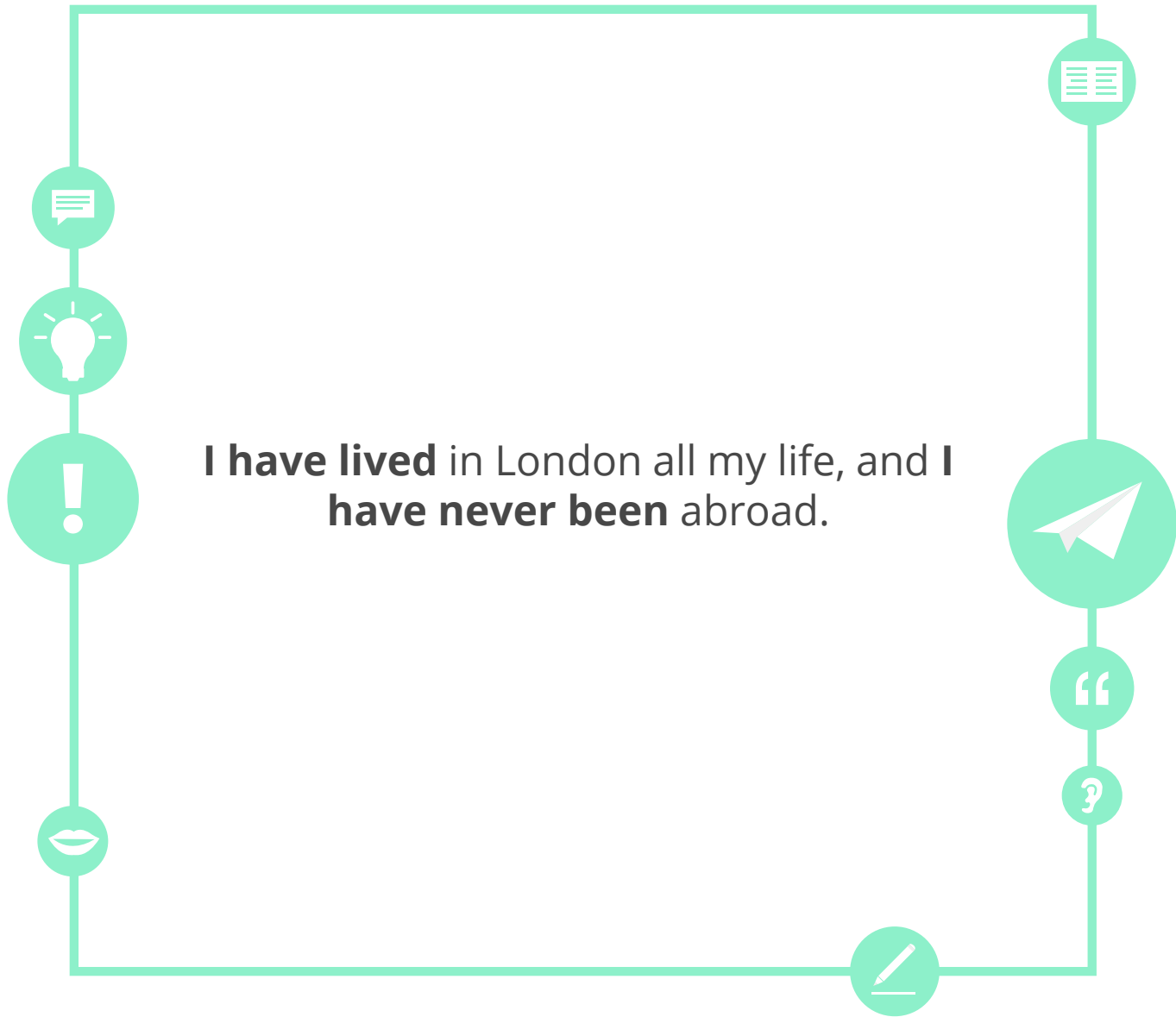




Goals

- Can form the present perfect correctly and use it in a sentence.
- Can identify verbs with irregular past participles and conjugate them correctly







The present perfect tense

What do you know already about the present perfect tense? Tell your teacher!



There **hasn't been** any snow yet this December, but there was a lot of snow in November.



The present perfect



- **The present perfect** is used to show a **link** between the **present** and the **past**.
- The time of the action is **before now**, but we often think of it as a kind of unfinished action.

Examples

I have been to India.

You have seen that film.

She has visited them frequently.

They have been on holiday.

We have lived here all our lives.





Forming the present perfect

- Use the appropriate form of the auxiliary verb **have** and the **past participle** of the **main verb** to form the present perfect.

Subject	Auxiliary verb	Past participle
I	have	been
you	have	visited
he, she, it	has	done
we	have	lived
you	have	met
they	have	seen



Negatives

- Put **not** after **have** and before the **past participle** to form the **negative** of the present perfect tense. Form a contraction by joining the correct form of **have** and **not**: **haven't**, **hasn't**.

Positive		Negative
I have been	→	I have not been
I have visited	→	I have not visited
I have done	→	I haven't done



Irregular past participle



- The past participle of regular verbs is the same as the past tense (-ed) form.
- The past participle of some verbs is irregular.

Infinitive		Past participle
be	→	been
begin	→	begun
come	→	come
have	→	had
meet	→	met



Write the past participle of these verbs

be

have

watch

come

begin

visit

play

meet

travel

live

learn

study

do

listen

cook



Choose the correct option

1. I have _____ (visit / visited) the Isle of Man.
2. You _____ (been / have been) to Scotland twice.
3. He _____ (has not done/ not has done) his homework.
4. She _____ (have visited / has visited) us frequently.
5. They _____ (has lived / have lived) in that house all their lives.





Match the sentences

1. I have watched...

2. You haven't met

3. He...

4. They haven't...

5. We have had...

a. has come to every class.

b. begun the journey yet.

c. all of the James Bond movies.

d. a great time!

e. each other before.



This month I have...

Think about this month, and tell your teacher five things you have done so far this month.





When to use the present perfect

- There are **several** uses for the **present perfect** tense.
- Here are **three examples** of when to use the present perfect.

- Actions **repeated** in an **unspecified period** between the past and now.
- When the precise time is **not known** or **unimportant**.
- When an action **started in the past** and **continues in the present**.

- She **has visited** them frequently.
- I **have been** to India.
- We **have lived** here all our lives.



Irregular past participle



Here are some more **irregular** past participles:

Infinitive		Past participle
fall	→	fallen
take	→	taken
win	→	won
tell	→	told
find	→	found



Irregular past participle



Here are some more **irregular** past participles:

Infinitive		Past participle
lose	→	lost
leave	→	left
choose	→	chosen
eat	→	eaten
say	→	said



Past participles

Regular	Irregular
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

watch

fall

win

visit

travel

find

leave

say

be

live



Complete the sentences

1. I _____ many different countries in Asia.

- a. have visited b. have visit c. has visited d. not visited

2. They _____ lots of awards for their online travel blog.

- a. not have won b. has won c. have won d. have win

3. Have you _____ anything today?

- a. eat b. eaten c. eats d. have eaten

4. We _____ together for more than ten years.

- a. works b. work c. had work d. have worked



What have you done?

Write six present perfect sentences about yourself.

Use the past participle of these verbs.

live

do

watch

travel

play

win

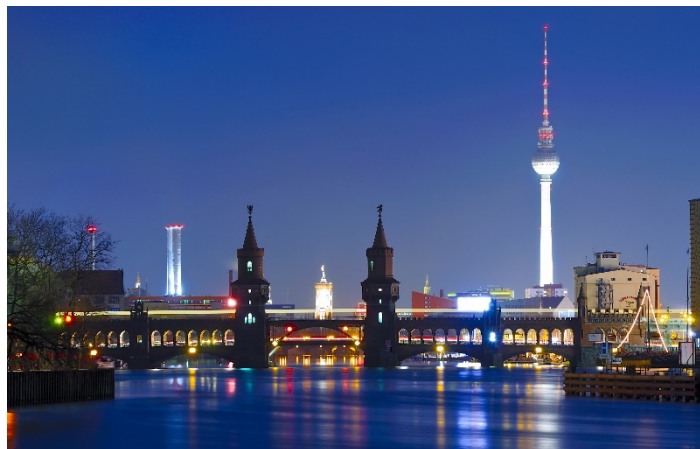
A sheet of white lined paper with a spiral binding on the left side. The paper has six horizontal lines for writing, corresponding to the six verbs provided.

“

I have been to



- The structure **I have been to** is used to talk about places you have **visited**, **travelled to** or **been to**.
- I have been to **cannot** be expressed in **the present tense**.



I have been to Berlin twice.



Questions



- **Have you ever been to..?** is used to ask about places you have **visited, travelled to** or **been to**.
- Answer with **Yes, I have** or **No, I haven't**.

Have you ever been to...

London?

Australia?

South America?

Asia?

that beach?





Alphabet challenge

- Think of a verb **beginning with** each letter of the alphabet, from **A** to **Z**.
- Your classmate or teacher must say the **past participle** of that verb!
- Then change roles.

A is for **ask**. **Asked**.



Have you ever been to Hong Kong?

Think of five places you would like to visit.

Ask a classmate or your teacher if they have been there.





What an incredible life!

Imagine you are the Queen of England! Tell your teacher about your life. Where have you travelled? What exciting things have you done in your life?



travel

parties

people met

food and drink

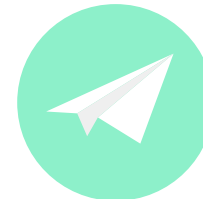


Reflect on the goals

Go back to the second slide of the lesson and check if you have achieved all the goals of the lesson.

yes

no



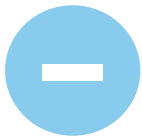


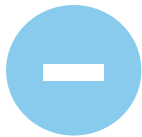
Reflect on this lesson

Think about everything you have seen in this lesson.
What were the most difficult activities or words? The easiest?









If you have time, go over
the most difficult slides again





Answer key

Exercise p.9

Been – had – watched – come – met – visited – begun – played – travelled – lived – learned – studied – cooked – done – listened

Exercise p.10

1. visited – 2. have been – 3. has not done – 4. has visited – 5. have lived

Exercise p.11

1. c – 2. e – 3. a – 4. b – 5. d

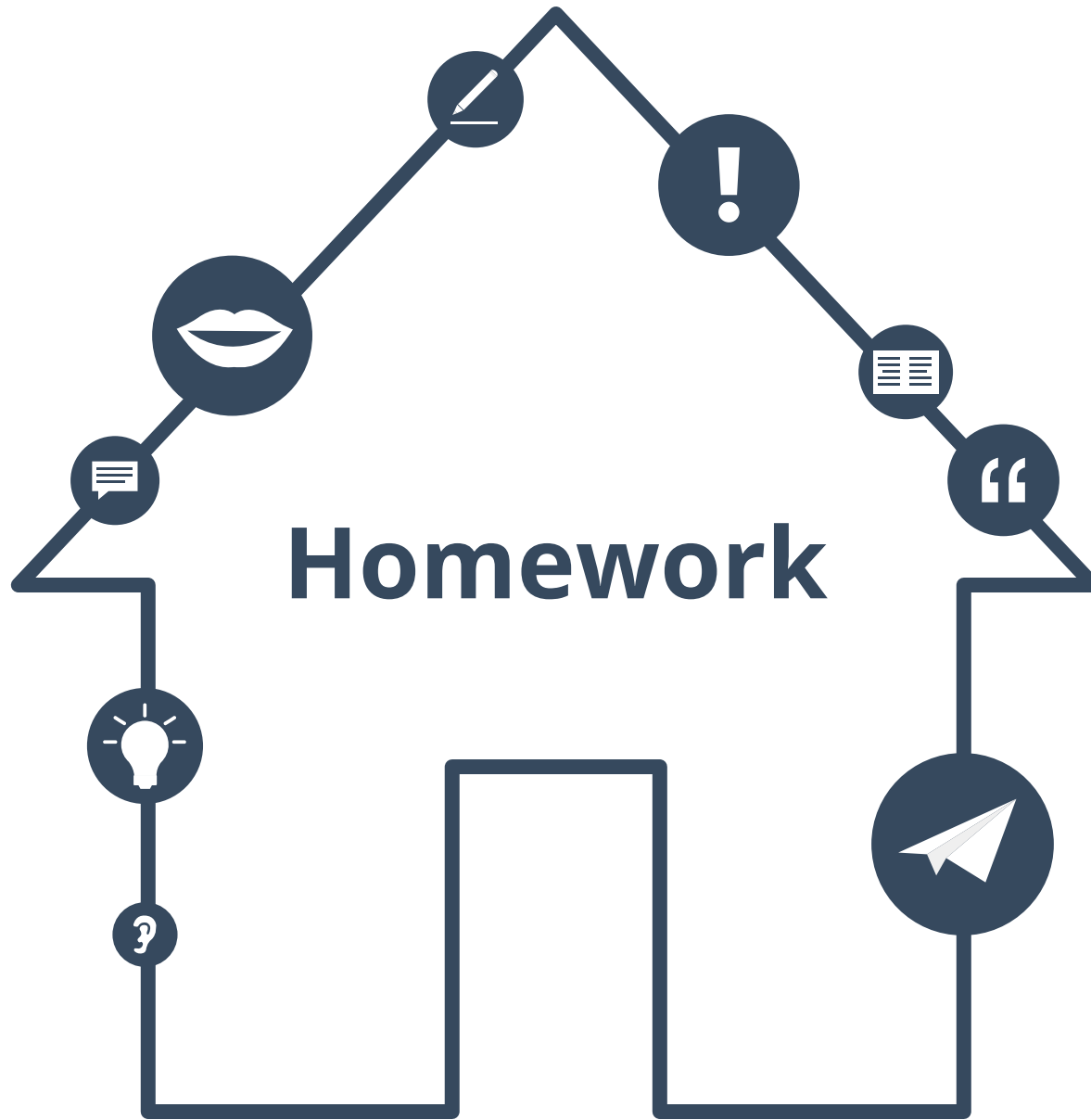
Exercise p.16

Regular: watch – visit – travel – live

Irregular: fall – win – find – leave – say – be

Exercise p.17

1. a – 2. c – 3. b – 4. d





Complete the table

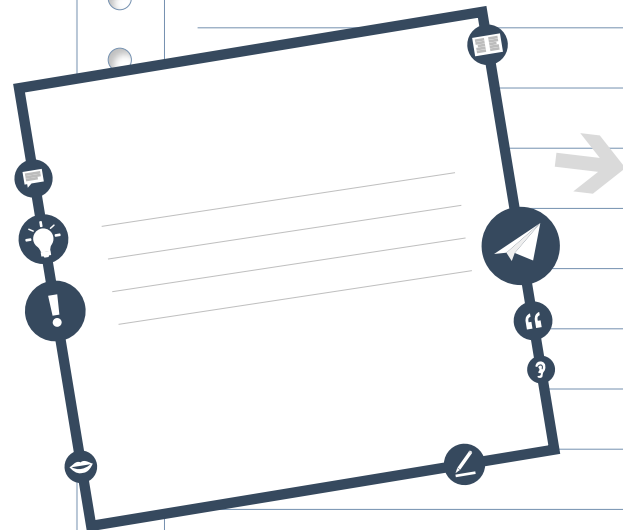
be	been
_____	met
begin	_____
have	_____
_____	chosen
eat	_____
say	_____





Text at the beginning

Go back to the text on page 3,
and find examples of
the grammar topic of this lesson in it.
Write them down.



Copy parts of the text
that are examples of
topic of the lesson.



Find the verbs

**Find the verbs in this lesson and write them down.
Which are new? Do you know all of them?
Look these words up.**

Verbs



Sentences in the first person plural

**Choose five sentences from this lesson.
Copy them and write them about you and a friend.**

-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-

Examples:

I don't understand

→ My friend Maria and I don't understand.

He has a book

→ We have a book

...



Easy or difficult?

Is the grammar topic of this lesson...
easy or difficult?

Write down what is difficult for you and what is easy.

A vertical rectangular area with a light gray background, featuring a series of horizontal lines for writing. On the left side, there are several small circular punch holes, suggesting it's a page from a notebook or binder.



Homework answer key

Exercise p.25

meet – begun – had – choose – eaten – said



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