# lingoda

Past Simple vs. Present Perfect

LEVEL Intermediate

NUMBER B1\_1035G\_EN LANGUAGE English





#### Goals

- Can understand and explain the difference between the past simple and the present perfect.
- Can construct straightforward examples of the past simple and the present perfect, using both regular and irregular verbs.







# **Preview and warm-up**

■ In this lesson, you are going to learn the differences between the **past simple** and the **present perfect**.



I was on time for work yesterday.
I have always been on time for work.



# Past simple - a finished action with no result in the present

- We use the past simple:
  - For completed events, states or actions.
  - For events that **happened** and **finished** in the **past**.

The action finishes **before** the present time

Now

I **bough**t a purple car a few weeks ago.





# Present perfect 1 - Roxanne has been to Spain

- We use the present perfect to talk about a time from the **past** till **now**.
- This is often an **experience** in someone's life.

Time from when Roxanne went to Spain until **now** 

Roxanne has been to Spain.

Roxanne **went** to Spain. (past simple)





### Present perfect 1 - Roxanne has been to Spain

- We often use *never* with negative sentences in the present perfect.
- We use **ever** for **questions Have you ever been to Spain**?
- We use words like **once** and **twice** to say **how many times** we have done something **I have been to Spain twice**.



Have you ever seen a film in English?

Some young people have never written a letter.

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# Using the present perfect

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2. She / see / that film / twice



3. You / ever / travel / by ferry



4. I / break / my leg / twice



5. You / ever / work / abroad?





## Using the present perfect



This is Bernadette. She is a retired filmmaker. She **has had** a fascinating and successful career.

What has Bernadette done?

all over the world / at many important universities / three award-winning documentaries / married six times

travel

teach

make

be



### Present perfect 2 – I have known David for two years

- We also use the present perfect for **unfinished actions** that **started in the past** and **continue to the present**.
- For tells us how long an action goes on for two years, for an hour, for a week.
- Since tells us when an action started since last week, since 1994, since he was a child.

I knew David all this time and I **still** know him **now** 

I **have known**David for two
years / since 2010

I **met** David two years ago. (past simple)





# Using the present perfect

- 1. They \_\_\_\_\_ since they moved to London.
- 2. He \_\_\_\_\_ since he watched that sad film.
- 3. She \_\_\_\_\_ for ten years.
- 4. They \_\_\_\_\_ since 2014.

'We live in a small flat'

'I'm so upset'

'I'm self-employed'

'We know each other'











# Present perfect 2 – *For* or *since*?

1. I have lived here
\_\_\_\_\_ I was
born.

2. He lived there
20
years before he
moved abroad.

3. I haven't been to work \_\_\_\_\_ ages.

4. She hasn't spoken to me \_\_\_\_ we left school.



# Present perfect 3 – *She has cleaned the kitchen*

- We also use the present perfect for **finished actions** that have a **result in the present**.
- $\blacksquare$  I've lost my phone.  $\rightarrow$  The result is that I can't use my phone to call my friend.

Present simple (Morning) →	Present continuous (Afternoon) →	Present perfect (Evening)
They are at work.	They are leaving work.	They <b>have left</b> work.
Sophie needs a new phone.	Sophie is shopping.	Sophie <b>has bought</b> a new phone.
The weather forecast is bad.	It is raining.	It <b>hasn't stopped</b> raining.



### Present perfect 3 – *She has cleaned the kitchen*

- Look at the sentences and pictures below.
- In this example below, the result is that the woman can now relax because she **has finished** cleaning the kitchen.

The kitchen is dirty.  $\rightarrow$ 

She is cleaning the kitchen. →

She **has cleaned** the kitchen.

Can you see how the action in the past has a result now?











# Present perfect 3 – She has cleaned the kitchen

1. Diego needs a key to get into his office building.

 $\rightarrow$ 

Diego is leaving his flat without his key.

 $\rightarrow$ 

(forget)

2. Kyle and Pauline are tired.

 $\rightarrow$ 

They are getting ready for bed.

 $\rightarrow$ 

(go)

3. The window is open in Laura's living room

 $\rightarrow$ 

Laura is getting cold.

 $\rightarrow$ 

(shut)



## Present perfect 4 – *just* and *already*

- We use the present perfect for recent actions in the past that still affect the present.
- To express this, we use the word *just*. *Just* = a **short** time ago.
- We use *already* when something in the past happened **before** it was **expected**.

#### **Dialogue 1**

A: Are Clara and Sonya here for the meeting?

B: Yes, they have just arrived.

#### **Dialogue 2**

A: Priya, this is Heather.

B: Actually, we've already met. We went to a conference together last year.





# Present perfect 4 – yet

- *Yet* means until now.
- We use **yet** in **negative** present perfect sentences.
  - **Yet** goes at the end of these sentences.
- We also often use **yet** in **questions**.

#### **Dialogue 1**

A: Is Martin here?

B: No he hasn't arrived yet.

#### **Dialogue 2**

A: Has Martin arrived yet?

B: No, he hasn't.





# Complete the sentences using *just*



Are you hungry?

No, I've \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) lunch.





Where are you going?

Mike has \_\_\_\_\_(buy) a new car. I'm going for a ride.





# Present perfect 4 – *just*, *already* and *yet*

Use the pictures and the words below them to make sentence using the present perfect.

**Example:** 

just catch / bus

I've just caught the bus.



just / start / rain



read / yet



already / meet



eat / yet

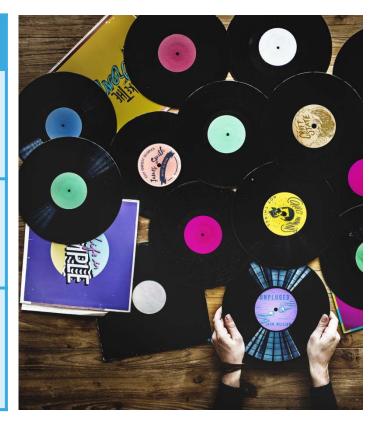


# Past simple vs. present perfect



■ We use **past simple** + **finished time** – *yesterday, last week, this morning*.

Past simple	Present perfect
I <b>lost</b> my folder <b>last</b> week. (= <b>finished</b> action)	I <b>have lost</b> my folder. (= I can't find it <b>now</b> )
Paul <b>left</b> for work <b>after breakfast</b> . (= <b>finished</b> action)	Paul <b>has left</b> for work. (= He isn't here <b>now</b> )
Did you buy their new album when you went shopping yesterday? (= finished actions)	Have you heard their new album? (= between the album coming out up to now)





### Past simple vs. present perfect

# Five of these sentences use the past simple or present perfect incorrectly. Can you find them?

- 1. Have you been to the trade fair last month?
- 2. I spoke to Tim yesterday.
- 3. She has been at this company for a long time.
- 4. The company didn't update its software since 2009.
- 5. Yuri has worked for an advertising agency when he was at university.
- 6. Have you ever been to Jordan?
- 7. I never met him but I hope I will one day.
- 8. I like your suit. How long did you have it for?





### Past simple vs. present perfect

#### Read about Peter's life and choose the correct verbs.

Peter was/has been born in Los Angeles, California. He was/has been a model all his life. He starred/has starred in his first photo shoot when he was/has been 2 months old. Peter published/has published two books of his photographs and he wants to publish another one. He earned/has earned over \$12 million in his career. Last year he made/has made more than \$2 million.







# Writing using the past simple and present perfect

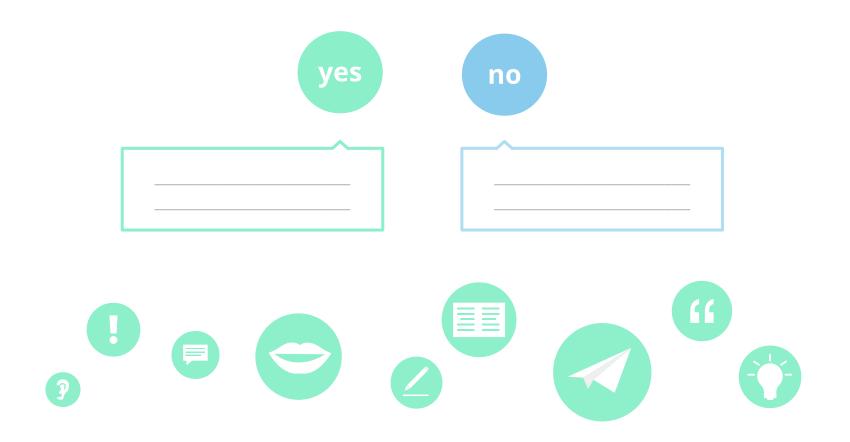
Using the previous page to help you, write a short text about your academic and professional life up to now. You may wish to include some of the suggested words below.

achieved	graduated	0	
worked as	studied		
		0	
skills	learnt	0	
Sixilis	icarric		



# Reflect on the goals

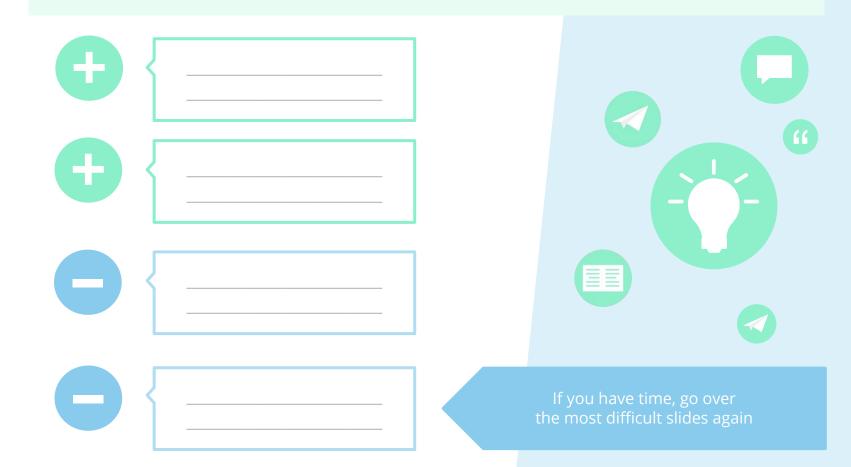
Go back to the second slide of the lesson and check if you have achieved all the goals of the lesson.





#### Reflect on this lesson

Think about everything you have seen in this lesson. What were the most difficult activities or words? The easiest?





### Answer key (1/3)

```
2. He has been so upset since he watched that sad film. 3. She has been self-employed for ten years. 4. They have known each other since 2014.
```

1. They **have lived** in a small flat since they moved to London.

Exercise p. 11

Exercise p. 9

She has travelled all over the world.

Bernadette has taught at many important universities.

She has made three award-winning documentaries.

She has been married six times.

5. Have you ever worked abroad?

4. I have broken my leg once.

3. Have you ever travelled by ferry?

2. She **has seen** that film twice.

Exercise p. 8

26





### Answer key (2/3)

```
Exercise p. 19 – other answers are possible It has just started to rain. They have already met. I haven't read these books yet Have you eaten breakfast yet?
```

Exercise p. 18 Mo, I've just eaten lunch. Mike has just bought a new car. I'm going for a ride.

3. Laura has shut the window.

2. They have gone to bed.

1. Diego has forgotten his keys.

Exercise p. 15

4. She hasn't spoken to me **since** we left school.

3. I haven't been to work for ages.

2. He lived there for 20 years before he moved abroad.

1. I have lived here since I was born.

Exercise p. 12





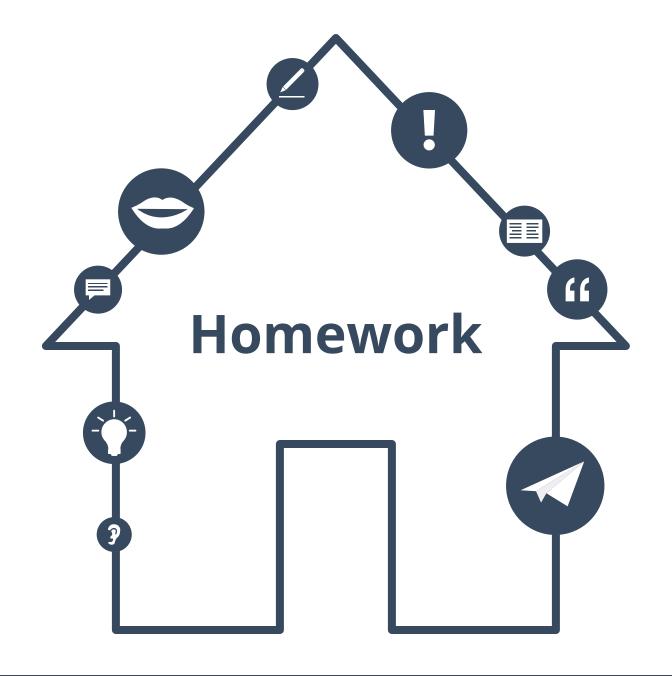
### Answer key (3/3)

**Exercise p. 22**Peter **was born** in Los Angeles. He **has been** a model all his life. He **starred** in his first photo shoot when he **was** 2 months old. Peter **has published** two books of his photographs so far and he wants to publish another one. He **has earned** over \$12 million in his career. Last year he **made** more than \$2 million.

- 8. Incorrect I like your suit. How long have you had it for? (present perfect)
- 7. Incorrect l'**ve never met** him buy I hope I will one day. (present perfect)
  - 6. Correct
    - (əlqmiz
- perfect) 5. Incorrect Yuri **worked** for an advertising agency when he was at university. (past
  - 4. Incorrect The company **hasn't updated** its software since 2009. (present
    - 3. Correct
    - 2. Correct
    - 1. Incorrect **Did** you **go** to the trade fair last month? (past simple)

#### Exercise p. 21







# Unscramble the questions







Write your answers to the questions on the previous page.

Give as much detail as possible and use both the past simple and present perfect.



# Homework answer key

**Exercise p. 32**A. Where is the most interesting place you have ever been?
B: What have you done so far today?





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